are responsible for its distribution within the State. All other fertilizers *viz.* DAP, MOP, SSP and NPK etc. are decontrolled/de-canalized since 1992. The availability of Phosphatic and Potassic fertilizers is decided by the market forces of demand and supply.

The table below gives the details of demand and supply of urea, DAP, MOP and Complex fertilisers in the States of Madhya Pradesh during Kharif' 2008 season:

('000 MT)

State	Particulars	Urea	DAP	MOP	COMPLEX
Madhya Pradesh	Demand/Assessed requirement	625.00	400.00	70.00	300.00
	Supply (Availability)	630.83	535.30	88.58	146.35
	Sales	583.39	533.46	66.40	144.30

As can be seen, there is no shortage of Urea, DAP and MOP in Madhya Pradesh. However, the shortfall in availability of complex fertilisers has been compensated by additional supplies of DAP to the tune of about 1.35 lakh MT during Kharif'2008.

Diseases due to untimely rains

*9. SHRI RAJKUMAR DHOOT: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that untimely rains in many parts of the country from May-June onward this year have given rise to diseases like malaria, gastroenteritis, etc.;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the steps taken by Government to check the diseases lest they assume epidemic proportions?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (c) As per the reports received from the States, overall there was a decline in the Malaria cases in the country during May and June 2008 and the current trend also indicates overall decline in the Malaria cases. However, the States of Andhra Pradesh, Goa, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Punjab, Tripura, Uttarakhand, Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Daman and Diu have shown increase in malaria incidence during those months. The state wise details in this regard given as Statement. (*See* below)

Regarding cholera, the available data from National Institute of Communicable Diseases (NICD) laboratory and Municipal Corporation of Delhi do not show any increase in cases of cholera in the year 2008 as compared to the year 2007.

With respect to the steps taken by the Government to check the diseases lest they assume epidemic proportions, the States were alerted in view of unusual rains during month of May-June for taking preventive measures in respect of Malaria and other vector borne diseases. The situation was also reviewed with the States by the Union Secretary of Health and Family Welfare

to ensure that States are adequately equipped for Epidemic Preparedness and Response (EPR). The States were given logistics support as per the programme norms for facilitating implementation of control and preventive measures. The central teams consisting officers from Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (NVBDCP), Regional Offices of Health and Family Welfare and ICMR Institutions were deputed in the identified districts to review the situation and to provide technical assistance.

NICD issues technical guidelines from time to time for prevention and control of communicable diseases including Malaria and Gastroenteritis and other waterborne diseases. In addition to this, NICD also carries out outbreak investigations.

Under the project *viz.* Integrated Disease Surveillance Project (IDSP) under NICO, information is collected on epidemic prone diseases on weekly basis in order to generate Early Warning Signals of disease outbreaks and to initiate response thereto. Rapid Response Teams at State and district level have been constituted to investigate and contain the outbreaks. Guidelines to contain outbreaks have been prepared (CD Alert) and circulated to all concerned. Training is being imparted to Medical Officers, Para Medical Workers and Laboratory Personnels on outbreak investigation and diagnosis of the outbreaks.

NICD has deputed experts in public health in flood affected areas of Bihar from 2nd week of September 2008 onwards and these teams are still continuing disease surveillance activities in Bihar. Teams provide technical support to the State in surveillance of communicable diseases and suggest measure for the prevention and control of outbreaks including Malaria and Gastroenteritis etc. So far, no outbreaks have been reported in the flood affected areas of Bihar. Surveillance is still continuing.

Statement

Details of States showing increase in Malaria cases during the month of May and June 2008 with % increase in positive cases

Sl. No.	State	% age increase in total positive cases up to the month of may'08	Districts showing increase in malaria cases during the month of may 2008	% age increase in total positive cases up to the month of June'08	Districts Showing increase in malaria cases during the month of June 2008
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	5.58	(1) Hyderabad (2) Rangareddy (3) Adilabad	6.27	(1) Hyderabad (2) Rangareddy (3) Adilabad

1	2	3	4	5	6
			(4) Karimnagar		(4) Karimnagar
			(5) Warangal		(5) Warangal
			(6) Srikakulam		(6) Srikakulam
			(7) Vizianagaram		(7) East Godavari
			(8) East Godavari		(8) Cuddapah
			(9) Nellore		(9) Kurnool
			(10) Cuddapah		(10) Prakasham
			(11) Ananthapur		(11) MB Nagar
			(12) Kurnool		(12) Nalgonda
					(13) Medak
2.	Goa	45.33	(1) South Goa	39.61	(1) North Goa
					(2) South Goa
3.	Maharashtra	−0.85	(1) Nashik	1.13	(1) Nashik
			(2) Jalgaon		(2) Wardha
			(3) Wardha		(3) Chandrapur
			(4) Chandrapur		(4) Gadchiroli
			(5) Gadchiroli		(5) Thane
			(6) Thane		(6) Dhule
			(7) Ratnagiri		(7) Nandurbar
			(8) Dhule		(8) Jalgaon
			(9) Ahemdnagar		(9) PMC
			(10) PMC		(10) Solapur
			(11) Solapur		(11) Prabhani
			(12) Kolhapur		(12) Hingoli
			(13) Prabhani		(13) Latur
			(14) Hingoli		(14) Beed
			(15) Akola		(15) Washim
			(16) Buldhana		(16) Akola
			(17) Bhandara		(17) Washim
					(18) Amravati

1	2	3	4	5	6
					(19) Buldhana
					(20) Nagpur
					(21) Bhandara
4.	Meghalaya	−2.86	(1) West Khasi Hills	7.27	(1) West Garo Hills
			(2) East Garo Hills		(2) South Garo Hills
					(3) East Garo Hills
5.	Mizoram	0.25	(1) Aizawl West	10.99	(1) Aizawl West
			(2) Mamit		(2) Aizawl East
			(3) Champhai		(3) Kolasib
			(4) Lawngtlai		(4) Mamit
			(5) Saiha		(5) Champhai
					(6) Serchhip
					(7) Lawngtlai
					(8) Saiha
6.	Punjab	23.74	(1) Amritsar	13.04	(1) Faridkot
			(2) Bhatinada		(2) Kapurthala
			(3) Faridkot		(3) Mansa
			(4) F.G. Sahib		(4) Patiala
			(5) Mansa		(5) Ropar
			(6) Muktsar		(6) Sangror
			(7) Nawan Shahar		(7) Tern Tarn
			(8) Patiala		
7.	Tripura	27.62	(1) West District	43.78	(1) West District
			(2) South District		(2) South District
			(3) North District		(3) North District
			(4) Dhalai District		(4) Dhalai District
8.	Uttarakhand	30.77	(1) Pauri	33.48	(1) Bageshwar
			(2) Nainital		(2) U.S. Nagar
			(3) U.S. Nagar		(3) Haridwar

1	2	3	4	5	6
9.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	17.37		13.56	
10.	Daman and Diu	31.82	*	44.44	(1) Daman
					(2) Diu

*During the month of May 2008, no increase of malaria cases in Daman and Diu at District level.

Coverage of underdeveloped districts under the National Dairy Plan

*10. SHRIMATI. MOHSINA KIDWAI:
SHRI VIJAY JAWAHARLAL DARDA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether National Dairy Plan (NDP) 2007-08 to 2021-22 is covering only 323 developed districts rather than 283 underdeveloped districts where the need is more urgent;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether these 283 underdeveloped districts will be provided with requisite infrastructure, technical know-how and finance, so that they may also contribute towards achievement of NDP target of 180 million tonnes of milk by 2021-22; and

(d) by when the backward and tribal districts of Yavatmal would be covered under NDP?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHARAD PAWAR): (a) to (d) The Approach Paper on National Dairy Plan (NDP), prepared by the National Dairy Development Board (NDDB), envisages covering both developed and underdeveloped districts in the country so as to contribute towards achieving a milk production level of 180 million tonnes by 2012–22. Yavatmal is one of the identified districts. Formulation of the NDP is still at a nascent stage.

Loans provided by NAFED to private companies

*11. SHRI K. CHANDRAN PILLAI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Agricultural Co-operative Marketing Federation of India Limited (NAFED) has provided loans to private companies;

(b) if so, the total amount NAFED has given to private companies as loan, so far;

(c) the details of companies which had availed loan from NAFED, year-wise and amount-wise;

(d) whether it is a fact that many private companies are defaulters in repaying the loan;

(e) if so, the details thereof; and